**“Electronic government in Finland (핀란드 전자정부)”**

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***1. Introduction***

Finland didn’t fulfill the significant economic development. Because Finland’s traditional economic structure was maintain. As a new national growth strategy, Finland sets up "Information Society".
Finland has strengthened media education and actively has promoted the development of the telecommunications industry and has computerized administrative services.

In other words, Finland has devised a suitable and functional electronic control system.

In this strategy, the government must be possible to consider the specific circumstances

And at the same time, the electronic management system should be flexible in progress.

As a result, the government should start various government agencies in the preparation of the institutional level.

***2. Main subject***

1) **Finland**’s **Electronic management system of** **Administrative organization, Enforcement jurisdiction.**

**First, let's look at Finland's administrative organization.**

The council is composed of the State Administration, the President, the administration.

In addition, the administration is composed of three phases: the central, regional and local administration In particular.

Finland's administrative system interacts with both central and local government. The government has a different function.

The central government has the primary interest in national unity .The central government has created and enforced policies.

The local government has provided specific administrative services of area and welfare services.

**Next, let's look at Finland's enforcement jurisdiction and how the electronic system is used.**

First, the legislation is one of separation of powers is an act of legislation in Congress.

All the acts are discussed in several congressional committees.

And often government officials, researchers, interest groups, conference officials play a role as an expert of committe.

Second, Jurisdiction has monitored functions and duties of the local government.

Local governments should lead role in the social services. (Schools, health care centers, nursery schools, and welfare costs, etc.)

For efficient service delivery and progress, 'Vanhanen' ministry really emphasizes the use of digital services. For example, people write the effectiveness of social services on the website. The administration will found solution and the problem of the service..

2) **The status of e-government and related policies of Finland.**

First, let's look at the direction of promoting e-government in Finland.

Finland is divided into the central and local governments. The province is being promoted by the Regional Committee. In addition, There are JUHTA leading information management and cooperation between central and local and Information Systems, Government Information Management Division, the Ombudsman.

JUHTA part of the Ministry of Internal Affairs and pursue standardization in the field of public administration. Government Information Management is responsible for building the infrastructure. Privacy Ombudsman has monitored people who use the information.

Former Finland government exchanged electronic document between government agencies.

Now, Finland government is turning to 'computerization of administrative services'

First, there is Finland's Social Security. People write Social security number on the internet.

The addresses of people automatically are listed. Residents are less hassle. Government agencies can determine the exact addresses of people.

Second, there is "Internet" and "mobile phone”. Finnish officials will contact you by email.

In addition, they Obtain common tasks through the web site Even to the Prime Minister and other ministers of the numbers are public information If you want to find information about public officials, Use the JULHA phonebook service.

Third, Finland plans Pilot system of Electronic systems and checks program.

That is JUNA project. The project can expect problems and solutions of the future.

***3. Conclusion***

What government to do for the development of e-government?

First, the government should possess the ability to find the problem

There are many policies. it is difficult to find major problems. Therefore, the government must be able look around the entire.

Second, the central role of the government should be the goal.

The government should not be run solely Policy. The government's goal have to comprehensive.

Third. People's trust is important.

To gain confidence, public service and the system must satisfy.

Fourth. The government should implement efficient and secure. Information should be transparent. Citizens, businesses and other organizations get feedback to each other. As a result, the higher the reliability of the information.

***4, References***

The e-government of Filand,

The e-government of Korea, <http://www.korea.go.kr/>